

## **AMENDMENTS TO THE SPECIFICATION**

Please replace Paragraph [0022] with the following paragraph rewritten in amendment format:

**[0022]** In the embodiment shown, the use of ellipses to form reflector body 14 provides a focal point "C" for light rays generated by arc lamp 32 and reflected by first inner surface 17 or second inner surface 18. Reflected light rays exit a generally open end 36 of reflector body 14 through apertures (not shown) formed in bulb mount 24, or, through bulb mount 24 when bulb mount 24 is formed of a transparent material. Exemplary ray paths are shown in Figure 1. A narrow ray path 38 is formed between arc lamp 32, second inner surface 18 and focal point C. A wide ray path 40 is formed between arc lamp 32, a distal end of second inner surface 18 and focal point "C". A near-aperture ray path 42 is formed between arc lamp 32, a transition region between first inner surface 17 and second inner surface 18, and focal point "C". Arc lamp generated light is prevented from directly entering apertures 34 by a maximum aperture junction point 44. Aperture junction point 44 is formed at an interior distal end of each of the apertures 34. By positioning each of the apertures 34 at or in a transition region between first inner surface 17 and second inner surface 18, substantially all the light generated by arc lamp 32 directly striking either first inner surface 17 or second inner surface 18 is reflected out of reflector body 14.